

Resilient Cities Index

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Our Starting Point



- Define a clear **purpose** and audience;
- Establish a 'universe of resilience' but not all cities will be able or want to measure all of them;
- Aggregate up to indicator level only based on 4-5 sub-indicators, 3-4 variables, ~150 fields (max)
- Include different **types of variables**: leading/lagging, qualitative/quantitative.
- Use **established variables** where possible and identify an 'owner' of each variable
- **Local ownership** is an opportunity to build capacity and promote change.





Resilience: the capacity of cities to function so that the people living and working in cities – particularly the poor and vulnerable – can survive and thrive no matter what stresses and shocks they encounter.

City Resilience Framework. (2014).

The Rockefeller Foundation | Arup, p. 7.



Our Approach Dimensions What matters Indicators What to observe 58 Sub- indicators 156 What to measure Prompt question (average 3 per sub-indicator)

How to measure

Qualitative

Assesses the adequacy of the mechanism and processes in place to achieve the outcome articulated by the sub-indicator

Quantitative

Identifies quantitative metrics that can be used by cities as proxies for past and current performance in relation to the sub-indicator





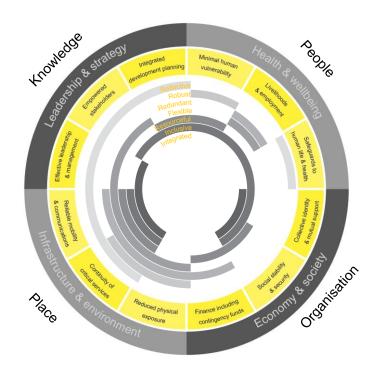


- Primary data (CRI-1 2013)
- Arup offices that consulted with their cities
- Ongoing pilot (CRI-2 2015)



What Matters: the City Resilience Framework

- 4 Dimensions
- 12 Indicators





Qualities of a Resilient System



Reflective

Robust

Redundant

Flexible

Resourceful

Inclusive

Integrated

What to Measure ~150 Variables

E.g.

7.3 Effectively managed protective ecosystems

Protective ecosystems have been identified and the inter-relationships with other ecosystems (within and beyond city boundaries) is understood

Policies and legislation are enforced to protect important ecosystems and natural resources

Active management and/or restoration of important ecosystems

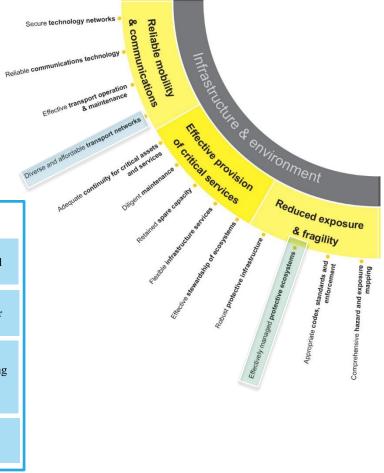
8.1 Diverse and affordable transport networks

Diverse road network with adequate route planning and navigation

Diverse public transport system that is affordable for all

Informal/personal travel options (car sharing, walking paths, cycle routes and associated infrastructure)

Diverse and effective transport links to other cities/regions

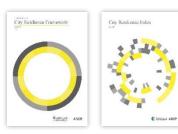






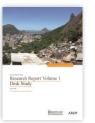
By December 2015

Communication



CRI intro 2015 CRF 2014

Knowledge







Vol 3

Index Development

Vol 4

Index Pilots

Vol 5

Case Studies



New Orleans





Vol 1



Vol 2

Tool v1.0





